

*Triplets Goldbachiques (Denise Vella-Chemla, 30.11.2018)*

On souhaiterait appeler *triplets Goldbachiques* des triplets de nombres premiers  $(p_1, p_3, p_2)$  tels que

$$2p_3 = p_1 + p_2.$$

Voici les triplets Goldbachiques tels que  $p_3 < 100$ .

(3, 5, 7)	(3, 37, 71)	(17, 53, 89)	(11, 71, 131)	(59, 83, 107)
(3, 7, 11)	(7, 37, 67)	(23, 53, 83)	(29, 71, 113)	(5, 89, 173)
(3, 11, 19)	(13, 37, 61)	(47, 53, 59)	(41, 71, 101)	(11, 89, 167)
(5, 11, 17)	(31, 37, 43)	(5, 59, 113)	(53, 71, 89)	(29, 89, 149)
(3, 13, 23)	(3, 41, 79)	(11, 59, 107)	(59, 71, 83)	(41, 89, 137)
(7, 13, 19)	(11, 41, 71)	(17, 59, 101)	(7, 73, 139)	(47, 89, 131)
(3, 17, 31)	(23, 41, 59)	(29, 59, 89)	(19, 73, 127)	(71, 89, 107)
(5, 17, 29)	(29, 41, 53)	(47, 59, 71)	(37, 73, 109)	(3, 97, 191)
(11, 17, 23)	(3, 43, 83)	(13, 61, 109)	(43, 73, 103)	(13, 97, 181)
(7, 19, 31)	(7, 43, 79)	(19, 61, 103)	(67, 73, 79)	(31, 97, 163)
(3, 23, 43)	(13, 43, 73)	(43, 61, 79)	(7, 79, 151)	(37, 97, 157)
(5, 23, 41)	(19, 43, 67)	(3, 67, 131)	(19, 79, 139)	(43, 97, 151)
(17, 23, 29)	(5, 47, 89)	(7, 67, 127)	(31, 79, 127)	(67, 97, 127)
(5, 29, 53)	(11, 47, 83)	(31, 67, 103)	(61, 79, 97)	
(11, 29, 47)	(23, 47, 71)	(37, 67, 97)	(3, 83, 163)	
(17, 29, 41)	(41, 47, 53)	(61, 67, 73)	(17, 83, 149)	
(3, 31, 59)	(3, 53, 103)	(3, 71, 139)	(29, 83, 137)	
(19, 31, 43)	(5, 53, 101)	(5, 71, 137)	(53, 83, 113)	

Deux triplets Goldbachiques engendrent un troisième : par exemple,  $(3, 5, 7)$  et  $(7, 13, 19)$  engendrent  $(3, 11, 19)$ .